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| L Numbe | r Hits | Search Text | DB | Time stamp |
| 1 | 3560 | (markus near3beier).in. | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 15:11 |
| | | | US-PGPUB | |
| 2 | 4 | (markus near3 beier).in. | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 15:15 |
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| 3 | 4 | beier-markus.in. | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 15:15 |
| - | | , | US-PGPUB | 2003/00/20 13:13 |
| 4 | 0 | beier-markus.in. not ((markus near3 beier).in.) | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:18 |
| • | | belef markas.m. not (markas nears belef).m.) | US-PGPUB | 2003/00/28 10.18 |
| 5 | 643 | 427/2.1-2.31.ccls. and (functional or activat\$4) and | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:19 |
| 3 | 0,3 | | , | 2003/06/28 16:19 |
| 6 | 480 | (amine or polyamine or amino) | US-PGPUB | 2007/0//00 1/ 10 |
| 0 | 400 | 427/2.1-2.31.ccls. and activat\$4 and (amine or polyamine | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:19 |
| 1 7 | 154 | or amino) | US-PGPUB | |
| 7 | 156 | (427/2.1-2.31.ccls. and activat\$4 and (amine or polyamine | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:58 |
| | | or amino)) and (acryloylchloride or chloroformate or | US-PGPUB | |
| | | diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or triphosgene or | | |
| | | carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or dimethylsuberimidate | | |
| | | ordiisothiocyanate) | | |
| 8 | 0 | ((427/2.1-2.31.ccls. and activat\$4 and (amine or | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:23 |
| | | polyamine or amino)) and (acryloylchloride or chloroformate | US-PGPUB | |
| | | or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or triphosgene or | | |
| | | carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or dimethylsuberimidate | | į l |
| | | ordiisothiocyanate)) and dendrimic | | |
| 9 | 9 | ((427/2.1-2.31.ccls. and activat\$4 and (amine or | USPAT: | 2003/06/28 16:24 |
| | | polyamine or amino)) and (acryloylchloride or chloroformate | US-PGPUB | |
| | | or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or triphosgene or | | |
| | | carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or dimethylsuberimidate | | |
| | | ordiisothiocyanate)) and dendritic | | |
| 10 | 1 | dendrimic | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:25 |
| | | | US-PGPUB | 2003/00/20 10.23 |
| 11 | 1691 | dendrimer | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:25 |
| 1 | | | US-PGPUB | 2003/00/20 10.23 |
| 12 | 211 | dendrimeric | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:25 |
| '- | | a crial inferio | US-PGPUB | 2003/06/28 16:23 |
| 13 | 31 | dendrimeric same defin\$4 | | 2007/04/20 14 71 |
| 13 | 1 | dendriment same dennip | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:31 |
| 14 | 11 | ((427/2.1-2.31.ccls. and activat\$4 and (amine or | US-PGPUB | 0007/04/00 44 74 |
| ' 7 | '' | | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:51 |
| | | polyamine or amino)) and (acryloylchloride or chloroformate | US-PGPUB | |
| | | or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or triphosgene or | | |
| | | carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or dimethylsuberimidate | | |
| | | ordisothiocyanate)) and (dendritic or dendrimeric or | | |
| 15 | 11//5 | starburst or dendrite) | | |
| 15 | 11665 | (activat\$4 or functional\$3) same (acryloylchloride or | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 16:59 |
| 1 | | chloroformate or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or | US-PGPUB | |
| | | triphosgene or carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or | | |
| 1, | | dimethylsuberimidate ordiisothiocyanate) | | |
| 16 | 347 | ((activat\$4 or functional\$3) same (acryloylchloride or | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 17:15 |
| | | chloroformate or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or | US-PGPUB | |
| |] | triphosgene or carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or | | |
| | | dimethylsuberimidate or diisothiocyanate)) and (dendritic or | | |
| | | dendrite or dendrimeric) and (amine or amino or polyamine) | | |
| 17 | 47 | (((activat\$4 or functional\$3) same (acryloylchloride or | USPAT; | 2003/06/28 17:01 |
| | | chloroformate or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or | US-PGPUB | |
| | | triphosgene or carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or | | |
| | | dimethylsuberimidate or diisothiocyanate)) and (dendritic or | | |
| | | dendrite or dendrimeric) and (amine or amino or | | |
| | [| polyamine)) and biopolymer\$2 | | |
| L | | | | 1 |

| 18 | 6 | (((activat\$4 or functional\$3) same (acryloylchloride or chlorof rmate or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or triphosgene or carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or dimethylsuberimidate or disothiocyanate)) and (dendritic or dendrite or dendrimeric) and (amine or amino or polyamine)) and biochip | USPAT; US-PGPUB | 2003/06/28 17:01 |
|----|-----|--|--------------------|------------------|
| 19 | 1 | kolb.xa. and (acryloylchloride or chloroformate or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or triphosgene or carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or dimethylsuberimidate or disothiocyanate) and (dendritic or dendrite or dendrimeric) and (amine or amino or polyamine) | USPAT; US-PGPUB | 2003/06/28 17:16 |
| 20 | 5 | kolb.xa. and (acryloylchloride or chloroformate or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or triphosgene or carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or dimethylsuberimidate or diisothiocyanate) and (amine or amino or polyamine) | USPAT; US-PGPUB | 2003/06/28 17:21 |
| 21 | 1 | , | USPAT | 2003/06/28 17:20 |
| 22 | 1 | | USPAT | 2003/06/28 17:20 |
| 23 | 1 | | USPAT | 2003/06/28 17:21 |
| 24 | 145 | 427/\$.ccls and ((acryloylchloride or chloroformate or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or triphosgene or carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or dimethylsuberimidate or diisothiocyanate) and (amine or amino or polyamine) same (activat\$4 or functionaliz\$4) same (substrate or support or surface)) | USPAT; US-PGPUB | 2003/06/28.17:23 |
| 25 | 40 | (427/\$.ccls and ((acryloylchloride or chloroformate or diimidazole or phosgene or disphosgene or triphosgene or carbodiimide or disuccinimidyl or dimethylsuberimidate or diisothiocyanate) and (amine or amino or polyamine) same (activat\$4 or functionaliz\$4) same (substrate or support or surface))) and polyamine | USPAT; US-PGPUB | 2003/06/28 17:23 |
| 26 | 13 | 1 | USPAT; US-PGPUB | 2003/06/28 17:24 |

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DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20030057158 A1

TITLE:

Method for inhibiting the pluggins

of conduits by gas

hydrates

----- KWIC -----

Summary of Invention Paragraph - BSTX (9): [0009] Dendrimeric compounds are in essence three-dimensional, highly

*branched oligomeric or polymeric molecules comprising a core, a number of

branching generations and an external surface composed of end groups. A

branching generation is composed of structural units which are bound radially

to the core or to the structural units of a previous generation and which

extend outwards. The structural units have at least two reactive

monofunctional groups and/or at least one monofunctional group and one

multifunctional group. The term multifunctional is understood as having a

functionality of 2 or higher. To each functionality a new structural unit may

be linked, a higher branching generation being produced as a result. The

structural units can be the same for each successive generation but they can

also be different. The degree of branching of a particular generation present

in a dendrimeric compound is defined as the ratio between the number of

branchings present and the maximum number of branchings possible in a

completely branched dendrimer of the same generation. The term functional end

groups of a dendrimeric compound refers to those reactive groups which form

part of the external surface. Branchings may occur with greater or lesser

regularity and the branchings at the surface may belong to different

generations depending on the level of control exercised during synthesis.

Dendrimeric compounds may have defects in the branching structure, may also be

branched asymmetrically or have an incomplete degree of branching in which case

the dendrimeric compound is said to contain both functional groups and $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left($

functional end groups.

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER:

US 20010037012 A1

TITLE:

Polymers, their preparation and

uses

----- KWIC -----

Summary of Invention Paragraph - BSTX (64):
[0064] In the second embodiment, the core unit may comprise a structure as shown in formula (6) or (7). In the polymer, linear repeat units such as those shown in formula (12) or (15) may be attached to the core unit. Such polymers may be defined as "linear" but dendrimeric. These polymers are envisaged to be useful as charge (electron or hole) transport materials and/or as emissive materials.

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20010018957 A1

TITLE: Dendrimeric polymers for the

production of paper and

board

----- KWIC -----

and Goddard, W. A.,

Angew. Chem. Intl. Ed.

Frechet J. M., Science, 263, 1710-1715 (1994)).

Summary of Invention Paragraph - BSTX (59): [0056] The term dendrimeric macromolecules is understood as embracing very generally highly branched macromolecules that emanate from a central core and are synthesized through a stepwise, repetitive reaction sequence. Dendrimeric macromolecules are often referred to as "starburst" polymers. Dendrimers are a new class of macromolecules with a hyperbranched structure. This structure is well defined in terms of chemical composition and three-dimensional configuration. Dendrimers are synthesized in a stepwise manner, which provides unique control over chemical and physical properties. control allows for the development of products which are tailored to specific applications. For example the end groups of the dendrimers are very well accessible for all kinds of modification reactions. Examples of modified end groups include carboxylic or fatty acid derivatives (Tomalia, D. A., Naylor, A. M.,

Engl., 29, 138-175 (1990);

US-PAT-NO: 6455071

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6455071 B1

See image for Certificate of Correction

TITLE: Branched dendrimeric structures

----- KWIC -----

Brief Summary Text - BSTX (5):

One of the most important parameters governing a dendrimeric structure and

its generation, is the number of branches generated at each step; this defines

the number of repetitive steps necessary to build up the desired molecule and

the density of the groups at the periphery. The main properties of the

dendrimeric molecule are determined by the functional end groups of moieties on

its outer shell. Many applications proposed for dendrimers exploit the high $\ \ ,$

density and the large number of these groups.

US-PAT-NO:

6238701

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER:

US 6238701 B1

TITLE:

High surface area alumina solid

----- KWIC -----

Detailed Description Text - DETX (2):

The term "dendrimeric molecular nanosystem" as used herein refers to molecules which are branched similar to the branches of a tree. They usually have a central core, a defined number of generations and (functional) terminal groups and are preferably prepared by a reaction sequence that is repeated.

Claims Text - CLTX (2):

2. The process defined in claim 1, wherein the dendrimeric molecular nanosystem contains, as branching point, a nitrogen atom, a phosphorus atom, a carbon atom or a mixture of two or more thereof.

US-PAT-NO:

5994495

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5994495 A

TITLE:

Selectively functionalizable

desdendrimers

----- KWIC -----

Brief Summary Text - BSTX (19):

We have now found, and it is the subject of the present invention, a method

for obtaining in a selective way a new class of branched dendrimeric

macromolecules, essentially consisting of a polyvalent central nucleus and a

series of polyoxaalkylene "dendra". Such molecules are characterized by the

presence of at least one branch, attached either directly to the "core" or to a

"dendron", which does not participate in the growth and which therefore differs

from all the other functions of the macromolecule. We have therefore termed

this class of dendrimers, desdendrimers. Desdendrimers shall be defined as

dendrimers lacking structurally well defined parts of the parent nominal

dendrimers; examples being dendrimers lacking either a complete dendron

(desdendrondendrimers) or a specific number of branches (desramodendrimers).

Such modification/s introduce an asymmetry into the growth of the molecule. Ιt

is therefore possible to utilize this or these residue(s) to conjugate the

desdendrimer to, for example, a molecule that is able to accumulate

specifically in tissues and organs (address molecule) while using the other

terminal functions of the macromolecule to conjugate compounds with

pre-selected specific activities/roles.